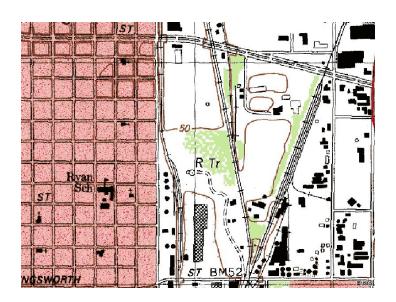
COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT PLAN

SOUTH CAVALCADE SUPERFUND SITE HOUSTON, HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS

JANUARY 2008





U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 6

THE U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S (EPA) SUPERFUND COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT PROGRAM IS COMMITTED TO PROMOTING COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CITIZENS AND THE AGENCY.

ACTIVE PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT IS CRUCIAL TO THE SUCCESS OF ANY PUBLIC PROJECT.

EPA'S COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT ACTIVITIES AT THE SOUTH CAVALCADE SUPERFUND SITE ARE DESIGNED TO

INFORM THE PUBLIC OF THE NATURE OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SITE,

INVOLVE THE PUBLIC IN THE DECISION-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL AFFECT THEM,

INVOLVE THE PUBLIC IN THE RESPONSES UNDER CONSIDERATION TO REMEDY THESE ISSUES, AND

INFORM THE PUBLIC OF THE PROGRESS BEING MADE TO IMPLEMENT THE REMEDY.

Table of Contents

Section		Page
1.0	Overview of the Community Involvement Plan	1
2.0	Capsule Site Description	
2.1	Site History	
2.2	Site Description/Location	
2.3	Site Inspections and Cleanup Activities	
3.0	Community Background	
3.1	Community Profile	3
3.2	History of Community Involvement	3-4
3.3	Key Community Concerns	
3.4	Response to Community Concerns	4
3.5	Summary of Communication Needs	4
4.0	EPA's Community Involvement Program	4
4.1	The Plan	4-9
4.2	Time Frame Summary for Community Involvement Activities	10
Appendices:		
A	EPA Regional Contacts	11
В	Local Officials	12
C	State Officials	13
D	Federal Elected Officials	14
E	Environmental and Active Citizens Groups	15
F	Potentially Responsible Parties	16
G	Media Contacts	17
Н	Meeting Locations	18
I	Repository Locations	19
Ţ	Site/Area Pictures	20-21

Section 1.0 Overview of the Community Involvement Plan

EPA developed this Community Involvement Plan to facilitate two-way communication between the community surrounding the South Cavalcade Superfund Site and EPA and to encourage community involvement in site activities. EPA will utilize the community involvement activities outlined in this plan to ensure that residents are continuously informed and provided opportunities to be involved.

This Community Involvement Plan addresses South Cavalcade's relationship to the community and EPA (Section 2.0), provides a background of the community (Section 3.0), presents EPA's community involvement program (Section 4.0), and provides a listing of resources available (Appendices). EPA drew upon several information sources to develop this plan, including community interviews and site files. EPA's Regional Office will oversee the implementation of the community involvement activities outlined in this Plan.

Section 2.0 Capsule Site Description

2.1 Site History

Involvement Plan dated March Creosote operations occurred at this site spanning approximately fifty (50) years between 1911 and 1962. National Lumber and Creosoting Company operated on the site from 1911 to 1939. The Koppers Company, Inc. acquired ownership of the facility in 1940 and operated a wood-treating and coal tar distillation plant until 1961. The site was cleared and sold in 1962. Presently, three trucking firms operate warehouse and terminal operations at the site: Palletized Trucking Inc., Bullocks Express, and Jevic. Historical aerial photographs indicate that four waste pits possibly existed on the site. In 1968 the site was placed on the Superfund National Priorities List, EPA's list of hazardous waste sites requiring possible long-term remedial action under Superfund. (For information prior to 1985, please see the Community 1985 on North Cavalcade and South Cavalcade.)

2.2 Site Description/Location

The Site is located at the Southeast of intersection of Cavalcade & Maury Streets in Northeast Houston, and is about two miles southwest of the intersection of Loop 610 North & U.S. 59, Houston, Harris County, Texas. The Site covers approximately 69 acres and is separated from the North Cavalcade site by Cavalcade Street.

2.3 Site Inspections and Cleanup Activities

The original Record of Decision (ROD), signed September 26. 1988, addresses both ground water and soil contamination. Contaminants of concern included Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) and metals in both media.

For the ground water remediation, the 1988 ROD required the extraction and treatment of contaminated ground water, including the recovery and treatment of a Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (DNAPL). The ROD indicated extraction would continue to decrease contaminant levels to the maximum extent possible, and at that point, collection would cease and any remaining contamination would be allowed to naturally attenuate to background levels. The ROD also made allowances to consider in-situ biological treatment to meet remedial goals. The ground

water extraction system and treatment plant were put into operation on September 1995 and approximately 2800 gallons of DNAPL were recovered.

In 1995, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Beazer East, Inc. (hereafter referred to as "Beazer" or "BEI"), the responsible party (RP), agreed to reconsider remedial goals outlined in the ROD including options such as natural attenuation, or a Technical Impracticability (TI) waiver. EPA and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) (formerly the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, or TNRCC) evaluated information submitted by Beazer to support natural attenuation for the site. Ground water monitoring and extraction to further inhibit migration of the plume in the shallow impacted aquifer was delayed pending reevaluation of remedial goals and this approach. DNAPL collection, to address the source area, was continued as was monitoring of the deeper aquifer.

Operation of the DNAPL recovery component of the ground water remedy, including active ground water pumping for gradient enhancement, continued for slightly over ten years from January 1996 through April 2006. Ground water extraction was conducted in all three areas for gradient enhancement to optimize DNAPL recovery. Ground water pumping was discontinued after a lightning related power surge occurred that damaged the system controller in April 2006. DNAPL recovery since that time has been completed in a passive mode (i.e., without ground water pumping) via manual pumping of DNAPL from the collection wells. The plans for the system will be determined once the remedial alternative is selected as part of the Focused Feasibility Study (FFS) which is underway.

The ground water remedy is protective in the short term but future protectiveness depends on the demonstration that the DNAPL and plume are not migrating vertically and horizontally. Institutional controls such as Administrative Order on Consent restrictions and Houston-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District notification and permitting requirements at the Site ensure that future use of the Site remains non-residential and prohibit on-site ground water use. Current information shows that shallow ground water is not currently being used in the vicinity of the Site and deeper ground water has not been impacted by Site-related constituents.

For soil remediation, the 1988 ROD also specified soil flushing and soil washing to attain a risk-based remedial goal of 700 parts per million (ppm) for carcinogenic PAHs, based on ingestion and direct contact. The remedial action was later reduced to a soil washing option. After a pilot study indicated that soil washing would not reduce contamination to the specified remedial goal, Beazer submitted a proposal to contain the waste at the site under a constructed cap. On June 26. 1997, the Regional Administrator signed an Amended Record of Decision to allow for a remedy to seal and contain contaminated soils under a six-inch thick reinforced concrete cap. The cap constructed in two separate areas, would also serve as a parking area for trucks, optimizing use of the property by the trucking businesses operating on site. Construction of the reinforced cap was completed in July 2000.

Annual cap inspections have been conducted commencing in November 2001. The inspections have confirmed that the caps in the southeast and southwest portions of the Site are in good condition, that effective operation and maintenance procedures are in place, and that the soil remedy continues to be effective.

In summary, the remedial action for soils at the Site continues to be protective of human health and the environment. The ground water remedy is protective in the short term and will remain protective in the future if it is demonstrated that the DNAPL and plume are not migrating vertically and horizontally. Given current land and water use and existing institutional controls, there are no ground water exposure pathways. Beazer, EPA, and TCEQ are evaluating the Focused Feasibility Study by Beazer supporting natural attenuation as an alternative remedial action for ground water. As part of this re-examination of remedial options and objectives, ground water monitoring and extraction to contain the dissolved plume should also be evaluated and reinstated as requirements appropriate. Should remedial objectives change, the remedy decision process will be documented through a ROD amendment or an Explanation of Significant Differences. As part of the Focused Feasibility Study, Beazer must demonstrate that the DNAPL and plume are not migrating vertically and horizontally.

South Cavalcade Community Involvement Plan The first Five-Year Review of the South Cavalcade Street Superfund Site located in Houston. Harris County, Texas was completed in August 2002. The results of the first Five-Year review indicated that the remedy was expected to be protective of human health and the environment in the short-term, however additional information was necessary to ensure the remedy was also protective into the future. Overall, the remedial actions appeared to function as designed, and the site had been maintained appropriately. One minor deficiency was noted that did not directly impact the short-term protectiveness of the remedy.

The second Five-Year Review was completed in September 2007. The results of the second Five-Year Review indicated that the remedial action for soils at the Site continues to be protective of human health and the environment. The ground water remedy is protective in the short term and will remain protective in the future if it is demonstrated that the DNAPL and plume are not migrating vertically and horizontally. Given current land and water use and existing institutional controls, there are no ground water exposure pathways.

Section 3.0 Community Background

3.1 Community Profile

The Site is located in an urban area of approximately 50,000 people. The nearest residence is 200 feet west of the site. An Environmental Justice Analysis shows the population within a mile radius of the Site is approximately 3,710 with a 97.1% minority and with 32.7% economically stressed.

3.2 History of Community Involvement

The Community Involvement Plan was originally developed in March, 1985 with revisions in May, 1985, February, 1989, December, 1992 (any revisions between 1992 and 2005?) and January, 2005.

Open houses and workshops were held September, 1985; December, 1992; November, 1993; April, 1994; and October, 1994.

A Fact Sheet regarding the Proposed Plan was developed in April, 1988. A Public Meeting was held in May, 1988, to explain the remedy choices in the Record of Decision and to solicit public comment on these choices. A Fact Sheet explaining the chosen remedy in the Record of Decision was developed in July, 1988.

Other Fact Sheets regarding the Site were developed in August, 1985, April, 1987, July, 1987, April, 1988, October, 1988, April, 1990 (TWC), December, 1990 (TWC), June, 1991 (TWC), and April, 1994.

[The Texas Water Commission (TWC) was the predecessor to the current Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)]

The Site Repository was established at the Houston Central Library, Texas & Local History Division, Julia Idison Building, 500 McKinney Street, Houston, TX 77002.

Public notice at the beginning of the first Five-Year Review of the Site Remedy was published in the Houston Chronicle on August 8, 2002.

Public notices at the beginning of the second Five-Year Review of the Site Remedy was published in the Houston Chronicle on July 26, 2007 and at the end on October 11, 2007.

South Cavalcade Community Involvement Plan

3.3 Key Community Concerns

Citizen concern regarding this Site has been minimal. No known public interest groups or adjacent residents have expressed concern or raised questions about the Site.

3.4 Response to Community Concerns

3.5 Summary of Communication Needs

Many residents in the area are Hispanics who have lived in the area for many years. All communications with the residents (fact sheets, informational materials, etc.) should be in English and Spanish.

Section 4.0 EPA's Community Involvement Program

The overall goal of EPA's community involvement program is to promote two-way communication between citizens and the EPA and to provide opportunities for meaningful and active involvement by the community in the cleanup process. EPA will implement the community involvement activities described below. The following plan is based on the results of the community interviews described earlier; it addresses each issue that was identified as being important to the community.

4.1 The Plan

Issue 1: (***InsertIssue***)

Activity 1A: (***InsertActivity***)

- Objective:
- Method:
- Timing:

Activity 1B: (***InsertActivity***)

- Objective:
- Method:

• Timing:

Issue 2: (***InsertIssue***)

Activity 2A: (***InsertActivity***)

- Objective:
- Method:
- Timing:

Issue 3: Keeping the public informed and up to date.

Activity 3A: Designate an EPA Community Involvement Coordinator (CIC).

- Objective: To provide a primary liaison between the community and the EPA, and to ensure prompt, accurate, and consistent responses and information dissemination about the site. In those instances where EPA's CIC may be unable to provide adequate information (such as on technical issues), inquiries will be directed to the appropriate EPA contact.
- Method: EPA will designate an EPA CIC to handle site inquiries and serve as a point of contact for community members. The CIC is appointed by the Region 6 headquarters. Phyllis June Hoey is the EPA CIC assigned to the site. She will work closely with Raji Josiam, EPA's Remedial Project Manager for the site.
- Timing: The CIC was designated in December, 2004.

Activity 3B: Prepare and distribute site fact sheets and technical summaries.

- Objective: To provide citizens with current, accurate, easy-to-read, easy-to-understand information about South Cavalcade Superfund Site.
- Method: Fact sheets will be mailed to all parties on the site mailing list. In addition, copies will be available at the information repository and in various cooperating business locations in the community.
- Timing: EPA will prepare and distribute fact sheets as needed.

Activity 3C: Provide a toll-free 1-800 number for the community to contact EPA.

- Objective: To enable citizens to get the latest information available when they want it, rather than having to wait for a meeting or a fact sheet, and without incurring any cost.
- Method: EPA will activate the 800 number and publish it periodically in the local papers and in all fact sheets.

• Timing: The line is currently operational (1-800-533-3508).

Activity XD: Maintain a mailing list for the Site.

- Objective: To facilitate the distribution of site-specific information to everyone who needs or wants to be kept informed about the site.
- Method: EPA will create a mailing list that includes all residences adjacent to the site, in known or suspected paths of migration, or those otherwise affected by the site. EPA will also solicit interested parties via fact sheets, newspaper articles, public meetings, public availabilities, etc.
- Timing: EPA will begin working on this mailing list immediately and will review/revise it periodically to keep it current.

Activity 3E: Establish and maintain Information Repositories.

- Objective: To provide a convenient location where residents can go to read and copy official
 documents and other pertinent information about the site and EPA activities.
- Method: The repository is a reference collection of site information containing the Administrative Record file, other site-specific information, the Community Involvement Plan, information about the Technical Assistance Grant program, and the general Superfund process. The Community Involvement Coordinator will work with a local contact to establish the local repository. This repository will be accessible to the physically challenged, will have copier facilities, and will be available to residents during normal business hours and at least some evening and/or weekend hours. Additional repositories may also be established, including one at the EPA Region 6 headquarters in Dallas, Texas.
- Timing: EPA established the local repository in 1985 and is located at Houston Central Library, Texas & Local History Division, Julia Idison Building, 500 McKinney Street, Houston, TX 77002. EPA adds new documents as they become available.

Activity 3F: Provide Site and Superfund information on the Internet.

- Objective: To provide key resources for searching and listing both general and specific information about Superfund and hazardous waste issues.
- Method: A Site Status Summary for this site can be found at http://www.epa.gov/earth1r6/6sf/6sf-TX.htm
- Information about EPA and Superfund can be found at:
 - EPA Headquarters: http://www.epa.gov
 - EPA Region 6: http://www.epa.gov/earth1r6
 - EPA Region 6 Superfund Division: http://www.epa.gov/earth1r6/6sf/6sf.htm
 The Proposed Plan and the Record of Decision (ROD) for the site will be placed on the internet as they are completed.
- Timing: Site Status Summaries are periodically updated. They can be found at http://www.epa.gov/earth1r6/6sf/6sf-tx.htm.

Activity 3G: Provide Technical Assistance Grant (TAG) information.

- Objective: To provide resources for community groups to hire technical advisors who can assist them in interpreting technical information about the site.
- Method: EPA will provide information about the TAG program at public meetings and in site fact sheets. EPA will also provide briefing sessions to interested groups if so requested. EPA will provide TAG applications to qualified groups, and will provide assistance to the group in completing the application.
- Timing: EPA will continue to promote TAGs until one is awarded.

Activity 3H: Establish and maintain the Administrative Record.

- Objective: To provide residents with a paper trail of all documents, resources, etc. used by the Regional Project Manager and Site Team in reaching all decisions about the site and its cleanup.
- Method: EPA will provide at least two sets of the Administrative Record for the site, one in the EPA Region 6 offices located at 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas and one located in the local Information Repository near the site.
- Timing: The Administrative Record is opened as soon as site investigation begins and remains open until the last ROD is signed.

Activity 3I: Conduct special events. DRAFT

- Objective: To educate citizens, add a sense of closure, highlight a major event or milestone, recognize significant citizen or PRP activity, etc.
- Method: (***Insert Site Special Event***) Examples include: A special topic educational campaign, construction completion party, on-site demolitions, transitions to the next phase, etc.
- Timing: (***Insert Date of Activity, Location and Name of Event***)

Issue 4: Provide adequate and meaningful opportunities for community involvement.

Activity 4A: Hold public meetings.

- Objective: To update the community on site developments and address community questions, concerns, ideas and comments.
- Method: Refer to Appendix H for suggested meeting locations. EPA will schedule, prepare for, and attend all announced meetings. EPA will provide at least two weeks' notice of the scheduled meeting. The Regional Project Manager, Community Involvement Coordinator, and other appropriate EPA staff will attend.
- Timing: A public meeting is required during the Proposed Plan comment period (see below). EPA will hold other public meetings as appropriate.

Activity 4B: Encourage formation of a Community Advisory Group (CAG).

- Objective: To provide citizens with a meaningful way to become actively involved, and to provide the Site Team with a viable means of learning citizen concerns and attitudes.
- Method: EPA will encourage the formation of a CAG and provide support as appropriate to facilitate its formation. If formed, EPA will provide administrative support but will not be an active member.
- Timing: EPA will respond to any requests for help to form a CAG. As necessary, EPA will promote CAGs regularly throughout the Superfund process until one is formed.

Activity 4C: Make informal visits to community.

- Objective: To help keep community members informed about the site, while providing EPA with feedback about site activities and the community's opinions.
- Method: EPA will establish a presence in the community through informal, often unscheduled visits to talk spontaneously with local residents.
- Timing: Throughout the entire Superfund process.

Activity 4D: Solicit comments during a Public Comment Period.

- Objective: To give community members an opportunity to review and comment on various EPA
 documents, especially the Proposed Plan. This provides the citizens with meaningful involvement in
 the process and also provides the Site Team with valuable information for use in making decisions.
- Method: EPA will announce each comment period separately. Announcements will appear in local newspapers and EPA fact sheets; they will include particulars on duration, how to make comments, where to submit comments, etc. EPA may solicit comments on the following information/draft documents: draft CIP, draft summary of test results (not individual tests) and initial interpretation, preliminary findings on the RI and a list of possible remedies likely to be considered, preliminary findings of the FS and a brief summary of the leading contender for the proposed remedy, and preliminary plans for implementation and construction.
- Timing: Comment periods will be announced as appropriate. A comment period is required in conjunction with the announcement of the Proposed Plan and will last a minimum of 30 days.

Activity 4E: Prepare and issue a Responsiveness Summary.

- Objective: To summarize comments received during comment periods, to document how the EPA has
 considered those comments during the decision-making process, and to provide responses to major
 comments.
- Method: EPA will prepare a Responsiveness Summary as a section of the Record of Decision. The Responsiveness Summary will include four sections: 1. Overview; 2. Background on Community Involvement; 3. Summary of comments received and Agency responses; 4. Remedial Design/Remedial Action concerns. All information, both technical and nontechnical, will be conveyed in a manner that is easily understood.

• Timing: EPA will issue the Responsiveness Summary as part of the Record of Decision.

Activity 4F: Revise the Community Involvement Plan (CIP).

- Objective: To identify and address community needs, issues, or concerns regarding the site or the cleanup remedy that are not currently addressed in this CIP.
- Method: The Revised CIP will update the information presented in the previous version of the CIP.
- Timing: EPA will revise the CIP as community concern warrants or at least every three years until the site is closed out.

4.2 Time Frame Summary for Community Involvement Activities

ACTIVITY	TIME FRAME	
Designate an EPA Community Involvement Coordinator (CIC)	Completed	
Prepare and distribute site fact sheets and technical summaries	As Needed	
Provide a toll-free ''800 number'' for the community to contact EPA	Currently in operation	
Maintain a mailing list for the Site	Ongoing	
Establish and maintain Information Repositories	Established, update as needed	
Provide Site and Superfund information on the Internet	Currently available; update as needed	
Provide Technical Assistance Grant (TAG) information	Available April, 1989; One LOI received on February 8, 1990 and withdrawn August 20, 1990. Two applications received in 1993 and 1994 were denied. Currently there is no TAG in place.	
Establish and maintain the Administrative Record	Established, update as needed	
Conduct special events	As needed	
Hold public meetings	As needed	
Encourage formation of a Community Advisory Group (CAG)	Ongoing	
Make informal visits to community	As needed	
Solicit comments during a Public Comment Period	As needed and required	
Prepare and issue a Responsiveness Summary	Following public comment periods	
Revise the Community Involvement Plan (CIP)	As needed, at least every 3 years	

Page 10

Appendix A EPA Regional Contacts

Raji Josiam

Remedial Project Manager

U.S. EPA, Region 6 (6SF-AP) 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite1200 Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Tel: (214) 665-8529 Fax: (214) 665-6660

E-mail: Josiam.raji@epa.gov

Beverly Negri

Technical Assistance Grant Project Officer

U.S. EPA, Region 6 (6SF-PO) 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Tel: (214) 665-8157 Fax: (214) 665-6660

E-mail: negri.beverly@epa.gov

Dave Bary

Public Affairs Officer

U.S. EPA, Region 6 (6XA 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665- 2208 bary.david@epa.gov Phyllis June Hoey Community Involvement Coordinator

U.S. EPA, Region 6 (6SF-PO) 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Tel: (214) 665-8522 Fax: (214) 665-6660X

E-mail: hoey.phyllis@epa.gov

Appendix B Local Officials

Mayor Bill White City of Houston

P. O. Box 1562 Houston, TX 77251 713.247.2200

900 Bagby Street Houston, TX 77002

Council Members:

Mark Ellis At Large 1
Gordon Quan At Large 2
Shelley Sekula-Gibbs, M.D. At Large 3
Ronald C. Green At Large 4
Michael Berry At Large 5

Toni Lawrence District A Carol Mims Galloway District B District C Mark Goldberg Ada Edwards District D Addie Wiseman District E M. J. Khan District F Pam Holm District G Adrian Garcia District H*

> 713.247.2003 Phone 713.247.1252 FAX

districth@cityofhouston.net

Carol Alvarado District I

All Council Members Address:

City Hall Annex 900 Bagby, 1st Floor Houston, Harris County, Texas 77002

*Site is in District H

Appendix C

State Officials

SENATE DISTRICT 6 -

Senator Mario Gallegos Capitol Office: EXT E1.804 Capitol Phone: (512) 463-0106 Capitol Address: P.O. Box 12068Austin, Texas 78711 District Address: P.O. Box 41 Galena Park, TX 77547 District Phone: (713) 678-8600

SENATE DISTRICT 13-

Senator Rodney Ellis Capitol Office: CAP 3E.6 Capitol Phone: (512) 463-0113 Capitol Address: P.O.

Box 12068Austin, Texas 78711

District Address: 440 Louisiana, Suite 575 Houston,

TX 77002 District Phone: (713) 236-0306

SENATE DISTRICT 15 - Senator John Whitmire

Capitol Office: CAP 1E.13

Capitol Phone: (512) 463-0115 Capitol Address: P.O.

Box 12068Austin, Texas 78711

District Address: 803 Yale Street Houston, TX 77007

District Phone: (713) 864-8701

HOUSE DISTRICT 142 -

HOUSE DISTRICT 148 -

Representative Jessica Cristina Farrar

Capitol Office: CAP GN.10

Capitol Address: P.O. Box 2910Austin, TX 78768

Capitol Phone: (512) 463-0620

District Address: P.O. Box 30099 Houston, TX

77249 District Phone: (713) 691-6912

Representative Harold V. Dutton

Capitol Office: CAP 1N.9

Capitol Address: P.O. Box 2910Austin, TX 78768

Capitol Phone: (512) 463-0510

District Address: 8799 N. Loop East, Suite 305 Houston, TX 77029 District Phone: (713) 692-9192

Marilyn Long

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Ground Water Treatment Characterization Mail Code 143 P. O. Box 13087 (MC143) Austin, Texas 78711-3087 (512) 239-0761 1.800.633.9363

Dan Switek

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality - Soils P. O. Box 13087 (MC143) Austin, Texas 78711-3087 (512) 239-4132 1.800.633.9363

Alvie Nichols

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Ground Water Treatment System P. O. Box 13087 (MC143) Austin, Texas 78711-3087 (512) 239-2439 1.800.633.9363 anichols@tceq.state.tx.us

Bruce McAnally

Page 13

Community Relations Coordinator Texas Commission on Environmental Quality MC 225 P.O. Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711 3087 1.800.633.9363, ext. 2141 Fax: 512.239.2469

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL OUALITY –

Appendix D Federal Elected Officials

U.S. Senate

Senator John Cornyn

517 Hart Senate Office Bldg.Washington, DC 20510Tel: 202-224-2934Fax: 202-228-2856

Southeast Texas:5300 Memorial DriveSuite 980Houston, Harris County, Texas 77007Tel: 713-572-3337Fax: 713-572-3777

Senator Kay Bailey Hutchinson

284 Russell Senate Office BuildingWashington, DC 20510-4304202-224-5922202-224-0776 (FAX)202-224-5903 (TDD

1919 Smith StreetSuite 800Houston, Harris County, Texas 77002713-653-3456713-209-3459 (FAX

U.S. House of Representatives

Congressional District 18 -

Congressman Sheila Jackson Lee 2435 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, Dc 20515 Phone: (202) 225-3816

State District Office(s)1919 Smith St., Ste 1180 Houston, TX 77002 (713) 655-0050

420 West 19th Street Houston, TX 77008 (713) 861-4070

6719 West Montgomery, Suite 204 Houston, TX 77091 (713) 691-4882

Congressional District 29 -

Congressman Gene Green 2335 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, Dc 20515 Phone: (202) 225-1688

State District Office(s)256 N. Sam Houston Pky. E., Ste 29 Houston, TX 77060 (281) 999-5879 11811 I-10 East, Ste 430 Houston, TX 77029 (713) 330-0761

Appendix E Environmental and Active Citizens Groups

None known at this time.							

Page 15

Appendix F Potentially Responsible Parties

Not known at this time.						

Page 16

January 2008

Appendix G Media Contacts

Television Stations:

KPRC/NBC

8181 Southwest Freeway Houston, TX 77074 713.222.2222

KUHT/PBS

Programming 4800 Calhoun Road Houston, TX 77004 713.743.8483

KHOU/CBS

Programming 1945 Allen Parkway Houston, TX 77019 713.284.1076

KTRK/ABC

3310 Bissonnet Street Houston, TX 77005 713.666.0713

KRIV/FOX

4261 Southwest Freeway Houston, TX 77027 713.479.2600

KTMD/TELEMUNDO

3903 Stoney Brook Drive Houston, TX 77063 713.974.4848

Radio Stations:

KPRC

Business Office 11767 Katy Freeway Houston, TX 77079 281.588.4800

KTRU (Rice Radio)

Will Robedee, General Manager willr@ktru.org

Amie Knieper, Station Manager amiek@ktru.org

Newspapers:

Houston Chronicle

801 Texas Avenue Houston, TX 77002

Dina Cappiello Environmental Writer Houston, Chronicle 801 Texas Avenue Houston, TX 77002 713.220.7171

African American News & Issues

6130 Wheatley Street Houston, TX 77091 713.692.1892

Appendix H Meeting Locations

To be determined

Appendix I Repository Locations

Local Repository:

Houston Central Library Government Documents Area 500 McKinney Street Houston, TX 77002

APPENDIX J SITE/AREA PICTURES

Page 20









Clemente Martinez Elementary School Fulton and Hays streets (Note Fulton Village townhouses in back of school)



James D. Ryan Elementary School (Bordered by Hardy's, Finch, Shelly and Terry streets)

Page 21